



CARPET & VINYL flooring

Tips on cleaning

BOUTINE MAINTENANCE

sqiT gninsələ JYNIV Isrənəə

Wipe up spills as soon as possible.

Wash your floor occasionally with a no-rinse floor cleaner.

Use a polish to return your floor's original shine if it begins to dull over time.

Do Not

They may leave a dull film on your floor. Do not use detergents, abrasive cleaners or "mop & shine" products.

Do not use paste wax or solvent-based polishes.

the floor surface. Do not use a beater bar when vacuuming because it can visibly damage

Do not use highly abrasive scrubbing tools.

General CARPET Cleaning Tips

λίγλν

too quickly if not properly cared for. collect dirt faster than other areas and can therefore become worn-looking such as entrances, doorways, traffic lanes, and in front of chairs will "ugly out" much faster than it should. The most frequently used areas, Embedded soil causes unnecessary wear & tear, and can cause carpet to

HOW?

minimum of twice per week. Industry experts recommend vacuuming the entire carpeted area a stairs, exterior entry ways, and paths where there is constant wear. Vacuum often the areas that receive the most traffic, such as hallways,

is more difficult and time consuming than removing surface soil. is not worked into the carpet pile by foot traffic. Removing embedded soil Removing loose soil while it remains on the surface is important so that it

enough airflow to penetrate to the backing, extracting all particles. and rotating brushes that are able to loosen ground-in soil, and a strong For maximum effectiveness, use a vacuum cleaner that has adjustable

purchase, inspect it periodically to be sure it is functioning properly. For the best cleaning results, no matter which type vacuum cleaner you



removal of spots and spills removal of spots and spills

CARPET

forVINY

The numbers are keyed to the stain, and all instructions should be used in the recommended sequence. Some stains are PRO, indicating professional knowledge and equipment are necessary.

TO REMOVE THE STAIN, FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS IN ORDER, UNTIL NO TRACE OF STAIN REMAINS. DO NOT under any circumstances, use steel wool, steel brushes, abrasive cleaners or toxic solvents when maintaining or cleaning your vinyl floors.



Water soluble stains: Absorb as much as possible with white towels. Blot the stained areas with white towels dampened with cool water until there is no more transfer of the stain onto the towel. If the stain remains, use a detergent solution of 1/4 teaspoon of detergent to 32 oz. of water. Spray lightly onto the spot and blot repeatedly with white towels, working from the outer edge in toward the center of the spot to avoid spreading.

Rinse thoroughly by spraying with clean water and, then, blot or extract. Do not use too much detergent because the residue will contribute to rapid re-soiling

As in A, but before using detergent, apply a solution to a white towel (one part white vinegar to one part water) and blot or spray onto the spot.

As in A, but before using detergent, apply a household ammonia solution (one tablespoon of ammonia to one cup of water) to a white towel and blot or spray onto the spot. DO NOT USE ON WOOL OR WOOL BLEND CARPET. Rinse as in A.

Freeze stains such as chewing gum and candle wax with

ice or a commercially available product in an aerosol can. Shatter with a blunt object and vacuum before the

Bleach - WARNING - Only carpets which are solution

dyed (most berber carpet) are resistant to bleaching, but

do not exceed the recommended concentration. Do not use this procedure unless you are absolutely certain the

carpet is solution dyed - carpets dyed by other systems

For solution-dyed carpet with stains such as food dyes,

Rinse several times with water to remove excess bleach so that it is not tracked to other areas that may be

of one part chlorine bleach to five parts water.

carpet. Repeat as often as necessary.

chips soften. Follow up with solvent as in B.



C

П

will be damaged.



fruit drink and coffee not removed by A-1, use a solution conventionally-dyed carpet.

Blood (wet) Blood (dry) Butter Chewing Gum Chocolate Coffee Cola Drinks Cosmetics Crayon Vacuum. A De-Icer (Calcium Chloride) Excrement Food Dyes Furniture Polish Glue (white) Gravy Grease (auto) Oil Based Stains: Blot as much as possible with white paper towels. Apply Carbona, Energine, etc., spot Grease (food) remover to a paper towel and repeat blotting. (Protective Ice Cream gloves should be worn, as the solvent will quickly remove oils from the skin and could result in irritation.) Ink (ballpoint) Do not pour or spray directly on the carpet pile, as damage to the backing or adhesive underneath could Ink (permanent) result; use the towel to transport the solvent to the Ink (washable)

REMOVAL PROCEDURE

Alcoholic Beverage Asphalt Betadine Berries Jelly Lipstick Milk Mud Mustard Nail Polish Paint (latex, wet) Paint (latex, dry) Paint (oil) Rust Shoe Polish Urine Vomit Wax

Rub the stain with mineral spirits* or turpentine* on a clean white cloth. Scrub the area with an approved floor cleaner and a nonabrasive scrubbing pad, following instructions on the label.

Rub the stain with rubbing alcohol (isopropyl alcohol)* on a clean white cloth. If stain is still visible, rub the stain with mineral spirits* or turpentine* on a clean white cloth.

Scrub the area with an approved floor cleaner and a nonabrasive scrubbing pad, following instructions on the label.

Scrub the area with an approved floor cleaner and a nonabrasive scrubbing pad, following instructions on the label. If stain is still visible, rub the stain with rubbing alcohol (isopropyl alcohol)* on a clean white cloth.

Rub the stain with rubbing alcohol (isopropyl alcohol)* on a clean white cloth.

If stain still shows, very carefully wipe with fingernail polish remover containing acetone (follow use instructions on label) on a clean white cloth.

Scrub the area with an approved floor cleaner and a nonabrasive scrubbing pad, following instructions on the label.

Rub the stain with rubbing alcohol (isopropyl alcohol)* on a clean white cloth.

If stain is still visible, rub the stain with mineral spirits* or turpentine* on a clean white cloth.

If stain is still visible, rub the stain with mineral spirits* or turpentine* on a clean white cloth.

Scrub the area with an approved floor cleaner and a nonabrasive scrubbing pad, following instructions on the label.

Rub the stain with rubbing alcohol (isopropyl alcohol)* on a clean white cloth.

If stain still shows, very carefully wipe with fingernail polish remover containing acetone (follow use instructions on label) on a clean white cloth.

If stain is still visible, rub the stain with mineral spirits* or turpentine* on a clean white cloth.

Scrub the area with an approved floor cleaner and a nonabrasive scrubbing pad, following instructions on the label.

Scrub the area with an approved floor cleaner and a nonabrasive scrubbing pad, following instructions on the label. If stain still shows, rub the area with a nonabrasive cleaner.

If stain still shows, very carefully wipe with fingernail polish remover containing acetone (follow use instructions on label) on a clean white cloth.

Very carefully wipe stain with fingernail polish remover containing acetone (follow use instructions on label) on a clean white cloth







Some stains are PRO, indicating professional knowledge and equipment are necessary.